

Emergency Tracking Tool Movement Alert 109

02 May, 2024

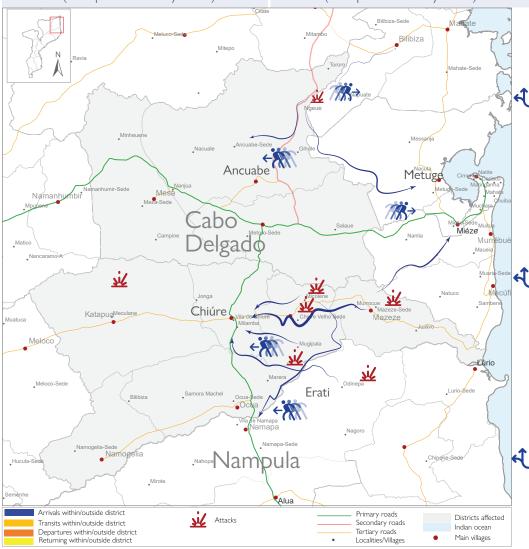




Cumulative number of displaced individuals (17 April to 1st May 2024)



Cumulative number of displaced families (17 April to 1st May 2024)



The depiction and use of boundaries, geographic names, and related data shown on maps and included in this report are not warranted to be error free nor do they imply judgment on the legal status of any territory, endorsement or acceptance of such boundaries by IOM.





Between 17 April to 1st May 2024, sporadic attacks and fear of attacks by Non-state Armed Groups in Ancuabe, Chiúre and Erati triggered the cumulative displacement of 52,300 individuals/12,575 families. The current Movement Alert #109 reports on most recent attacks in southern Cabo Delgado. For more information on displacements between February and March, please see {Emergency Tracking Online Dashboard}.

Ancuabe attacks | 2,952 Individuals displaced (17 to 29 April 2024)

Within the reporting period, attacks and the fear of attacks by Non-State Armed Groups in Ancuabe led to the displacement of 2,952 individuals. The affected families have sought refugee in displacement sites and host communities in the districts of Ancuabe, Metuge and Quissanga. Within displacement sites, 101 families whith 354 individuals have taken refuge in Metuge (Ntocota centre), 43 families with 148 individuals have taken refuge in Ancuabe (Natove, Cujupane and N'naua centres) and 12 families with 56 individuals have taken refuge in Quissanga (Nivico camp). A total of 537 families (representing 2,394 individuals) are displaced to host communities within neighbourhoods of Ancuabe Sede (including Ntutu and Nanoa A) and Metuge (Napai, Bairro 1 de Maio, Bairro 7 de Abril, Bairro 10 Congresso). Movements within Ancuabe district remain fluid.

Individuals displaced Chiúre attacks | 49,031 (17 April to 1st May 2024)

Within the reporting period, attacks and fear of attacks by Non-State Armed Groups in Chiúre led to the displacement of 49,031 individuals. The affected families have sought refuge in displacement sites and host communities of Chiúre Sede, Metuge, Mecufi and Meconta. Within displacement sites, 11,511 families with 47,942 individuals have been recorded at registration points of Namissir and Micone neighbourhoods, as well as Maningane and Nacivare resettlements sites. In Metuge, 154 families with 492 individuals have taken refuge in Ntocota and Nicavaco resettlements sites. A total of 132 families (representing 597 individuals) are displaced to host communities within neighbourhoods of Metuge (Bairro 7 de Abril and Bairro 1 de Maio), Mecufi (Sambane) and Meconta (Bairro Club-B and Micolene- A). Movements within Chiúre district remain fluid.

Individuals displaced Erati attacks | 317 (17 April to 1st May 2024)

Within the reporting period, attacks and fear of attacks by Non-State Armed Groups in Erati led to the displacement of 317 individuals. The affected families have sought refuge in displacement sites and of Chiúre Sede and Metuge. Within displacement sites, 78 families with 295 individuals have been recorded at registration points of Namissir and Micone neighbourhoods. In Metuge, 7 families with 22 individuals have taken refuge in Ntocota resettlements site. Movements within Erati district remain fluid.













MOCIMBOA DA PRAIA MUEDA **MECULA** MUIDUMBE MACOMIA W Cabo Delgado MELUCO(MONTEPUEZ METUGE! ANCUABE MARRUPA CIDADE DE PEMBA 48,237 Indian ocean BALAMA NAMUNO علا MEMBA ERATL NIPEPE NACAROA LALAUA MECUBURT Nampula MUECATE NACALA-A-VELHA MALEMA MONAPO RAPALE ILHA DE MOÇAMBIQUE RIBAUE Mossurii MECONTA MOGINCUAL MURRUPULA ALTO MOLOCUE GILE MOGOVOLAS LIÚPO Arrivals within/outside district Number of displaced individuals Primary mads Districts affected Transits within/outside district within/outside the districts, due to events Secondary roads Indian ocean Departures within/outside district Tertiary roads Main villages Returning within/outside district

Owing to prevailing security concerns in the region reported by displaced families, intentions on duration of their stay in current locations of displacement sites and host communities remains uncertain. The objective of the Emergency Tracking Tool (ETT) - Movement Alert is to collect information on large and sudden population movements, providing humanitarian response partners with data on IDPs to support effective humanitarian response. Information is collected through key informants' interviews or direct observation. This alert provides basic information on displacements, and additional information can be shared upon request.

DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE

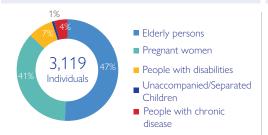


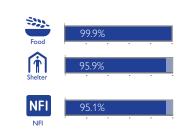




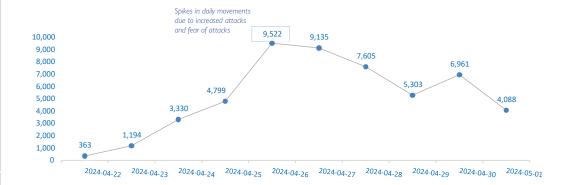
VULNERABILITIES

URGENT NEEDS





TREND: DISPLACED INDIVIDUALS











MOVEMENT FLOW: (Postos of departure and posto of destination)

